

The Ontario Argus.

Representative Newspaper of Ontario and Malheur County.

The Produce from 15,000,000 acres is marketed from Ontario each year

The Ontario Argus leads in Prestige, merit, and Circulation. Watch us grow

VOLUME X VI

ONTARIO, OREGON, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1913.

NO. 11

MALHEUR CITY MINES MAKE GOOD SHOWING

Some Rich Ore is Being Taken Out--Many Improvements Planned

G. S. Verbeck was in the city from Malheur City this week. He is mining in that thriving camp and had some of the goose with him to show the grade and character they are taking out.

He is interested in the Ventura claim, about a mile and a half north and west of the city, where he is getting out some rich ore and with every appearance that he has a mine. There is more activity in the camp today than at any time since the early placer days, but now the work is of a more permanent character and the mills will continue to grind out the yellow metal for many years.

D. K. Worsham, who has the Red, White and Blue mine, practically in the town, was down with a nice clean-up from their mill a few days ago and stated that the mine was showing up some excellent ore and that the mill was making a good saving of the mines.

At the Drexel they are preparing to sink soon as the snow is off the ground. The Rainbow and the Humboldt mills are running full time.

ONTARIO WILL GET BOTH ORCHARDS AND DAIRIES

An exchange in commenting on the people of Ontario going after the dairy industry said that a few years ago they were all after the orchardists, which is true. The Ontario people always get what they go after. They get the orchardists and now they are going to get the cows, with the hogs and chickens that will naturally go with them, making a combination that will always be successful.

RECALL MOVEMENT BEGUN IN LOS ANGELES

Fredericks Opposed for Second Trial of Clarence Darrow.

Los Angeles.—Plans of labor unions to start a movement for the recall of District Attorney John D. Fredericks because of his attitude toward labor and toward Clarence S. Darrow, the attorney whose second trial on a jury charge ended Saturday in a disagreement, were announced by A. J. Mooney, secretary of the Los Angeles County Building Trades Council. Mooney said the movement was backed not only by the organization which he is secretary, but also by the Los Angeles County Central Labor Council. He declared that Fredericks, before his last election, had promised "square deal to the workingman," but that since election he had "double-crossed" them.

GOMEZ WILL VETO BILL

President Changes Mind Regarding Amnesty Measure.

Havana.—After a long conference with members of his cabinet, congressmen and lawyers, President Gomez decided to veto the amnesty bill, to the passage of which the American government has declared its strong opposition.

President Gomez had previously signed the bill in spite of the protest of the American minister, but he now adds that his signature is ineffective until the publication of the bill in the official gazette, and that therefore he retains the right to use the power veto.

The general amnesty bill provides for the liberation of more than 3000 convicts, including negroes who took part in the rebellion last year.

If you want printing of the better as you get it at the Argus office—the one is right.

FIRST TRADER'S DAY ON SATURDAY, MARCH 22ND

The first of a series of regular monthly public auction sales will be held at Ontario, Oregon, Saturday, March 22nd. In this issue will be found an advertisement giving the particulars. These sales are along the line of the old eastern market day and will be conducted on the broadest scale possible. Anyone having anything to sell is invited to bring it to the sale. All sales will be for cash unless the party selling desires to extend time to the purchaser.

Everything from live stock down to farm implements, poultry, household goods and miscellaneous articles will be sold.

Nearly every farmer has something he does not need, but yet not enough to have a sale alone. If a person has but one animal or article bring it along.

Col. James Bernard, who has been in the auction ring for twenty years, will officiate as auctioneer and the Ontario Commercial club will conduct the sale free for the people.

Read the advertisement for particulars or write to the secretary of the Commercial club at Ontario.

FEEDING HORSES AND CATTLE INSURES GOOD PRICE FOR HAY

A few days ago we heard of a man selling his hay for \$3.50 a ton in the stack. Another man showed figures to prove his hay netted him a little better than \$16.50 per ton by feeding it to horses and cattle. It is the same in all lines of business, one man succeeds and another, with equal opportunities, fails. Brains and energy are always with the lucky fellow.

SAYS CONDITIONS IN THE EAST ARE GOOD

Eastern Oregon Promoter Visits City Looking Over Local Field.

Mr. Davidson, of the Oregon and Western Colonization company, was in Ontario looking over the local agency. He was on his way east from Portland, where he and Mr. Hill, who is joint owner in the lands, completed a sale of \$40,000,000 worth of timber to the Porter Bros.

This sale will close out all the holdings of the company west of the Cascades and enable them to devote all their attention to their lands in Eastern Oregon.

The efforts of the Commercial club to establish the dairy industry in this section was heartily approved and it was predicted that it would mean the filling up of the country with a very desirable class of settlers who would always have the money to pay for what they wanted.

Mr. Davidson stated that business conditions in the east were good.

FRANKLIN K. LANE



Franklin K. Lane, of California, who is Secretary of the Interior in President Wilson's Cabinet.

RESUME OF STATE LEGISLATURE

The Recent Session Places 377 Laws On the Statute Books.

THIRTY VETOES ARE REVERSED

Workmen's Compensation—Good Roads Laws—Agricultural Extension Work—Widow's Pensions—Minimum Wage for Women and Minors—Survey of State Resources—Investigation of Celilo Project.

Salem.—The labors of the legislative assembly of 1913 have added 377 new laws to the Oregon codes. Of the new laws 10 are due to the passage of bills of the 1911 session and 30 of the recent session over the veto of the governor, including the general appropriation bill, while 337 were either approved by the governor or filed without his signature.

Three features marked the final session of the legislative assembly prior to sine die adjournment. One was the ease with which bills were passed over the veto whenever desired; another the consideration of vetoed measures on their merits, and the third the speed shown in the transaction of business.

Unquestionably many of the measures passed were of first importance, the list including the workmen's compensation act, good roads legislation, the agricultural college extension work bill, the minimum wage measure for women and minors, the widows' pension bill, laws affecting judicial procedure and the appropriations for the Panama-Pacific Exposition, the Columbia Southern irrigation project, detail survey of state resources and investigation of water power at Celilo.

Bill Opening Rogue River Passed. Abbott's printing measure was decisively defeated, but the bill opening Rogue river passed easily.

The bill abolishing the office of State Printing Expert Harris was not sent to the governor after temporary adjournment.

Just before final adjournment, when the bill finally reached West he vetoed it, making no report of the veto until after the legislature had adjourned.

As regards bills increasing salaries in counties, one argument sufficed to cause passage over the vetoes—that in every case the amounts to which such salaries were raised were less than the ones given in the Gill bill, the passage of which the governor said in every veto message would make such increases unnecessary.

A Few Measures Killed

A few measures were killed, the vetoes being sustained, by request of the authors, because of amendments which made them worthless. Farrell, for instance, asked that the Morals Court bill veto be sustained; Joseph, the recall amendment; Latourrette, the superior court measure, and Carson, the bill relating to judgments and de-

crees. The arguments against the Day bill to investigate Celilo water resources were nullified by the showing that the state engineer had recommended an appropriation of \$50,000 and the governor one of \$25,000, while this measure called for only \$15,000.

In relation to appropriations, when the standing appropriations of more than \$1,200,000 are deducted from the approximately \$6,000,000 appropriation the total amount of drainage from the state treasury is reduced to a figure more nearly commensurate with the growth of the state and its institutions. There were also certain unusual features calling for large appropriations. It should be borne in mind also, that the legislators did not pile up the expenses of the taxpayers appreciably by extending the session beyond regular 90-day limit, as they draw no salary for the additional period worked and had to pay their own expenses.

Women Important Factor

The part played by women at this legislative session was remarkable. That the lawmakers have taken them into consideration as a political factor is shown by the consideration displayed in the case of measures peculiarly affecting their interests. At the 1911 session such bills as now have become laws were thrown into the scrap heap without compunction.

As a rule the "investigations" made by the legislature were perfunctory.

Relative to killing bad bills, two are worthy of special mention—one which would have created a plumbers' trust, and another which would have created an electricians' trust. With very few exceptions the record of this legislature as to so-called "hold-up measures" is excellent.

The following is a list of the important measures which will become laws:

Important Bills of the 1911 Session Passed Over the Veto.

S. B. 6—Requiring local agents of railway companies to report accurately the time of arrival of trains.

S. B. 43—Creating a livestock sanitary board and appropriating \$50,000 therefor.

S. B. 127—Prohibits the auditing by the secretary of state of claims of indebtedness against funds the appropriation for which has been exhausted.

S. B. 129—Creates an emergency board to deal with deficiencies necessitated under the provisions of the preceding bill.

Continued on page 3

Financial Statement of Malheur County Jan. 1

The Following Table Shows the Financial Standing of the County and the Several Funds, Liabilities, Resources, Etc.

RESOURCES.			
Cash in hand treasurer, gen. fund.....	\$18,967.22		
Cash in hand officers, general fund....	13,432.91		
Cash in various funds applicable to general fund—			
Migratory stock fund.....	\$ 517.80		
Contingent fund.....	37.84		
State Tax Fund.....	4,814.03	5,369.67	
Amount due from State for one-half			
Scalp bounty.....	1,415.50		
Uncollected Taxes \$50,401.16, est'd....	6,000.00		
LIABILITIES			
Unredeemed General Fund Warrants		\$86,782.53	
Interest due Estimated.....		3,000.00	
Excess Liabilities over Resources.....	44,597.23		
		\$89,782.53	\$89,782.53

ROSE PLANTING DAY SHOULD BE EARLIER THIS YEAR

Rose day was a great success in Ontario last year, several hundred residents getting the habit and started to beautify their homes by the addition of a few rose bushes. With the rose will naturally come the well kept lawn and yard, adding pleasure to the owners and every resident of the city. The rose is at home in the Snake river valley and can be grown here with the same success as at Portland. If the proper preparation of the soil and the bush is given careful attention.

Many of the growers believe the date for the rose planting was a little late last year and suggest that the last Saturday in March be designated as Rose Day this year, when all are urged to plant a many roses as their yards need and care given to them. When possible get home grown stock as they are acclimated.

"BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS" AT THE WHEATON TUESDAY

Bills are out announcing an excursion to Weiser on Tuesday evening, when "Bunty Pulls the Strings," a very clever comedy will be produced. The play has been at Portland all this week and the critics have been loud in their praise of the play and the players.

It is a Scotch play with Scotch actors, using the dialect, but it is not too broad for the average person to understand and appreciate. The costumes are those of some sixty years ago.

From beginning to end the play abounds in terse epigrams and there are no tears, just one laugh.

SHORT LINE BEGINS DOUBLE TRACKING

Contracts Let for Work Between Pocatello and Huntington.

The double tracking of the Oregon Short Line west of Pocatello was started last week at Piburn siding and will be continued to Huntington by the Utah Construction company, who have the contract from Granger west. With the exception of a few short stretches the road is now double tracked east of Pocatello.

There are two long bridges west of here and two east of Nyssa that will take some time to have new abutments built. The Pavette bridge took over six months to have abutments built and the bridge in place.

A flow of hot water in the tunnel near Harpers, is delaying the work materially on the Oregon and Eastern.

WM. C. REDFIELD



William C. Redfield, of New York, who is Secretary of Commerce in President Wilson's Cabinet.

PUMPING PLANTS FOR IRRIGATION A SUCCESS

Cheaper Than Gravity System--Many More to be Installed This Year

That irrigation by pumping plants is much cheaper and more certain in the end than the gravity system, has been proven to the entire satisfaction of a number of land owners throughout this valley says a Weiser man. A number of these plants were put into successful operation last year, supplying thousands of acres and as a result the number will be increased largely this year. This, of course, means the expenditure of thousands of dollars and a vast increase in the productive area of this section.

Already a number of land owners have arranged to install plants and as soon as weather conditions permit construction operations will be in full blast. The larger number of these plants will be installed along the Snake river to reclaim rich lands on both sides of the river.

Among those who will install plants this year are: J. W. Stoneman, to supply 80 acres on Dead Ox Flat in Oregon. The water will be raised 80 feet with a four inch centrifugal pump.

Allen Kyte, to supply 20 acres, on the Idaho side, near Weiser. Pump will be 5-inch direct connection.

Record Bros. will install a plant or sufficient capacity to cover their Riverside orchard tracts.

J. T. Thompson will install a 5-inch centrifugal system to supply 40 acres along the Weiser river east of town.

Arthur Van Sickle will install a plant to supply a rich tract on Weiser flat west of town. This tract lies above the big canal of the Weiser irrigation district.

D. T. Ham, of Spokane, will supply his tract on Dead Ox Flat.

Ira Reed, whose tract is near Crystal, east of Weiser, will pump water from Buttermill slough for 40 acres.

A. B. Clark, C. H. Libby and Colonel Day are arranging to supply their tracts along the Snake river west of the city. In addition to the above mentioned a number of others are "getting the habit."

GOVERNMENT TESTS FRIEDMAN'S "CURE"

German Scientist Inoculates 7 Under Supervision of Federal Officials

New York.—In a 30-minute clinic Dr. Friedrich F. Friedmann's vaccine which he asserted is a cure for tuberculosis, was tested in the presence of United States government officials. The seven cases treated are to remain under government inspection and upon their development will depend the official report.

It was announced that Dr. Friedmann had furnished the federal representatives with specimens of his bacilli culture and that the clinical observations would continue to be made by them.

The inoculation followed a long consultation between Dr. Friedmann and the government surgeons and more than an hour of study of the history of the prospective patients.

The seven persons to be treated, all adults, were brought in from various wards of the hospital where they were patients, and one by one given injections of the vaccine. Two of them were suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis and the others, respectively, from tuberculosis of the knee, elbow, the ribs, the urinary tract and the kidney. Each gave his consent to the inoculation.

White House to Be "Dry."

Washington.—It is said that the Wilson-Marshall administration will be a "white-ribbon" affair, with no wines or liquors served at any entertainment. Not only do the president and Mrs. Wilson and their daughters bar the sparkling cup, but so also do vice President and Mrs. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and other members of the cabinet.